

How to Buy Quality

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This correction has been fast and deep. The markets and economy were booming in January. Now the [S&P 500 Index](#) has suffered its fastest ever drop into a bear market. As of March 31, it sits approximately 23% below recent highs. It is virtually certain a U.S. recession is upon us.

This leaves us with many questions. How long will the recession last? How deep will it get? What type of recovery will we have?

And given our limited information, how can investors position their portfolios?

One answer to the last question is: consider buying quality.

Look to the balance sheet

Imagine that each region—the U.S., international developed and emerging markets—were individual companies. Which would have the best balance sheet?

The chart below compares the S&P 500, MSCI EAFE and MSCI Emerging Markets indexes on key quality metrics: return on equity (ROE), return on assets (ROA) and leverage measured by assets/equity.

Index	ROE	ROA	Leverage (assets/equity)
S&P 500	15.41%	3.59%	4.43
MSCI EAFE	9.93%	1.44%	6.9
MSCI EM	12.00%	1.70%	5.85

Sources: WisdomTree, FactSet, as of 3/31/20. Past performance is not indicative of future results. You cannot invest directly in an index. Index performance does not represent actual fund or portfolio performance. A fund or portfolio may differ significantly from the securities included in the index. Index performance assumes reinvestment of dividends but does not reflect any management fees, transaction costs or other expenses that would be incurred by a portfolio or fund, or brokerage commissions on transactions in fund shares. Such fees, expenses and commissions could reduce returns.

The S&P 500—a proxy for the U.S. equity market—is a standout with a strong balance sheet relative to the rest of the world. It has the highest profitability (ROE), the highest ROA and lower leverage than the other regions.

In times of uncertainty, we believe investors should position their portfolios toward regions and companies with strong balance sheets. And, right now, the U.S. is where you can find balance sheet strength.

Amplifying Quality in the U.S.

If the U.S. has the strongest balance sheet, how can you raise the quality of the S&P 500 further?

We launched the [WisdomTree U.S. Quality Dividend Growth Fund \(DGRW\)](#) in 2013 with quality metrics in mind for times like these.

DGRW uses a forward-looking methodology that focuses on ROE and ROA—two measures of quality used by Warren Buffett—to identify companies with high-quality balance sheets and strong potential for dividend growth. Companies must have a dividend coverage ratio (earnings per share over dividends per share) greater than 1 to be included, which is important in a time when many firms may be forced to cut their payouts.

Since its inception, this strategy has worked well for DGRW. As of March 31, 2020, it has outperformed the S&P 500 at NAV without owning any of the high-flying FAANG stocks that don't pay dividends¹.

Why consider DGRW now?

Comparing DGRW to the S&P 500 even further we find that:

- DGRW's ROE is 65% higher than that of the S&P 500 and its ROA is nearly double.
- DGRW exhibits favorable leverage metrics relative to the S&P 500, as shown by lower assets/equity (an indicator of less debt) and higher interest coverage (higher earnings relative to interest payments).
- Today, DGRW has better quality metrics than the S&P 500 at a lower valuation. DGRW is trading at a 15.52 price-to-earnings (P/E) ratio which is at a discount relative to the S&P 500's 17.44.

Key Metrics

Name	Quality		Leverage		Valuation
	ROE	ROA	Assets/Equity	Interest Coverage	Price-to-Earnings
DGRW	25.53%	7.05%	3.62	8.84	15.52
S&P 500	15.41%	3.59%	4.43	6.99	17.44

Sources: WisdomTree, FactSet, as of 3/31/20. You cannot invest directly in an index. Interest coverage measured by earnings before interest and taxes over interest expense (EBIT/interest expense). **Performance is historical and does not guarantee future results.**

The quality factor can help mitigate volatility while maintaining broad market exposure. We've seen this benefit investors in real time during the recent Covid-19 decline. According to Bank of America equity research², the highest ROE quintile of the S&P 500 outperformed the lowest ROE quintile by 10.4% during March's sell-off.

Sure enough, DGRW outperformed the S&P 500 by 180 basis points at NAV in March. *Note that outperformance does not imply positive results.*

Cumulative Performance



Source: YCharts, 2/28/20–3/31/20. Fund returns based on NAV total returns. Index based on total returns. You cannot invest directly in an index. *Past performance is not indicative of future returns. Current performance may be lower or higher than quoted. Investment returns and principal value of an investment will fluctuate so that an investor's shares, when redeemed, may be worth more or less than their original cost. For the most recent month-end performance go to [wisdomtree.com](https://www.wisdomtree.com).*

For standardized performance of DGRW, please click [here](#).

We don't know how deep or long the recession will be, but we do know it makes sense to own companies with strong balance sheets that generate cash flow. In times of market stress, consider buying quality.

1Source BofA US Equity and US Quant Strategy

2Source Ycharts

Important Risks Related to this Article

There are risks associated with investing, including the possible loss of principal. Funds focusing their investments on certain sectors increase their vulnerability to any single economic or regulatory development. This may result in greater share price volatility. Please read the Fund's prospectus for specific details regarding the Fund's risk profile.