

# **INDIA: 1.4 BILLION PEOPLE EMERGE**

# CONSIDER DEMOGRAPHICS AS YOU ASSESS THE MERIT OF INVESTING IN INDIA

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The thing about "emerging markets" is that sometimes you end up owning submerging markets.

Venezuela comes to mind. Argentina does its own back-and-forth every few years. In Eastern Europe, Ukraine has been a "submerging market" for several years; its stock market has roughly halved since the 2016 highs.

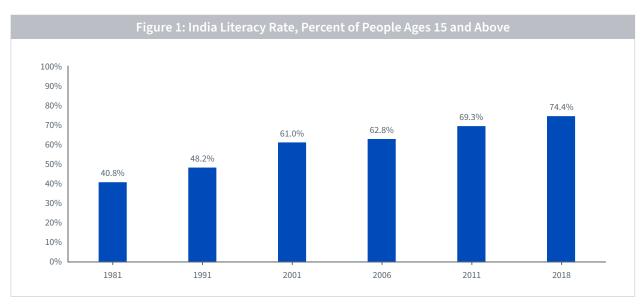
India's profile is directionally opposite those nations. It has robust GDP growth and is constantly striving to reach industrialized status. Progress.

In poorer nations like India—make no mistake—you must start at square one: access to clean toilets, malaria vaccinations, overcrowded slums and hundreds of millions of people who cannot read. But that is the point: We want to be invested during the bulk of a country's emerging process.

On literacy, India is progressing. The percentage of citizens who can read has nearly doubled since 1981, but critically, India still has work to do, with one-quarter of its population still illiterate. Historically, as they receive a higher-quality education, labor productivity will leap.







Sources: World Bank, UNESCO Institute for Statistics.

## **BUSINESS EDUCATION**

Four of 2020's *Financial Times* Global Top 100 business schools are Indian. This is a new phenomenon; not long ago it was zero. The country still has work to do—China has nine schools on the list.

Nevertheless, India's four are good ones, the equivalent in quality to UCLA or Indiana University, both excellent schools. For India's elite students, it is no longer imperative to study abroad in order to achieve a top-quality education, especially for those who prefer to stay in their home country.

| Figure 2: India's Four Institutions in the Financial Times' 2020 Global Business School Rankings<br>(with Comparably Ranked U.S. Institutions for Comparison) |  |             |                                    |  |  |  |  |
|---|--|-------------|------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Global Rank   | Indian Business Schools in Top 100       | Global Rank | Nearest-Ranked U.S. School         |  |  |  |  |
| 27  | Indian Institute of Management Bangalore | 26          | UCLA Anderson School of Management |  |  |  |  |
| 28  | Indian School of Business                | 30          | University of Michigan (Ross)      |  |  |  |  |
| 42  | Indian Institute of Management Calcutta  | 40          | Indiana University (Kelley)        |  |  |  |  |
| 61  | Indian Institute of Management Ahmedabad | 60          | Babson (Olin)                      |  |  |  |  |

Sources: World Bank, UNESCO Institute for Statistics.



## A STRATEGIC EDGE IN AN INTERCONNECTED WORLD: THE ENGLISH LANGUAGE

There are 7,000 languages spoken today, though many experts theorize that several thousand of them are at risk of disappearing in the coming years.

Consider network effects in an interlinked world.

Want to professionally engage on social media? You have one choice: LinkedIn. Suppose a Dutch person has a job interview in Paris. If you think about it, that conversation is probably in English. A Brazilian person in conversation with a Korean company? Maybe English is the language in that discussion, too.

A theory: This all converges to a half-dozen or a dozen major languages, with network effects dictating that studying English makes the most career sense.

In India, English is part of everyday life.

Cities like Mumbai, Hyderabad and New Delhi are perfect for Anglophonic careers, with each ranking "High" or "Moderate" on the EF English Proficiency Index<sup>1</sup>. When I think about my "generally monoglot" household (my wife was born in the U.S. to immigrants from Colombia, but our kids could be better at Spanish), where in Asia could we get along easiest with our language skills? India has its bumps and bruises, but communication barriers for English-speaking expats is not high on the "setbacks list."

| Figure 3: India Literacy Rate, Percent of People Ages 15 and Above |     |                  |     |                      |     |  |  |  |
|--|-----|------------------|-----|----------------------|-----|--|--|--|
| Very High Proficiency  |     | High Proficiency |     | Moderate Proficiency |     |  |  |  |
| Copenhagen   | 659 | Buenos Aires     | 592 | Milan                | 549 |  |  |  |
| Amsterdam  | 656 | Nairobi          | 592 | Lagos                | 548 |  |  |  |
| Helsinki   | 642 | Prague           | 589 | Rome                 | 548 |  |  |  |
| Oslo   | 639 | Mumbai           | 588 | San Jose             | 545 |  |  |  |
| Vienna   | 635 | Paris            | 586 | Shanghai             | 542 |  |  |  |
| Stockholm  | 631 | Manila           | 582 | Hong Kong            | 542 |  |  |  |
| Berlin   | 627 | Sofia            | 580 | Havana               | 534 |  |  |  |
| Hamburg  | 627 | Córdoba (AR)     | 579 | Hyderabad            | 530 |  |  |  |
| Porto  | 624 | Davao City       | 578 | Santiago             | 529 |  |  |  |
| Budapest   | 622 | Barcelona        | 564 | New Delhi            | 528 |  |  |  |
| Brussels   | 616 | Madrid           | 557 | São Paulo            | 521 |  |  |  |
| Warsaw   | 614 | Seoul            | 556 | Beijing              | 520 |  |  |  |
| Bucharest  | 612 | Taipei           | 550 | Kiev                 | 520 |  |  |  |
| Lisbon   | 612 |                  |     | Moscow               | 520 |  |  |  |
| Kuala Lumpur   | 604 |                  |     | Saint Petersburg     | 520 |  |  |  |

Source: 2020 Edition of the EF English Proficiency Index.

It works the other way, too.

An Indian businessperson can easily visit clients abroad, seamlessly holding meetings in a common language—assuming the others around the table are also versed in English.

<sup>1</sup> The EF English Proficiency Index (EF EPI) attempts to rank countries by the average level of English language skills amongst those adults who took the EF test.



#### **INDIA'S YOUTH**

Of the world's 230 countries, India's median age is akin to what you often find in "frontier markets," the emerging markets of emerging markets.

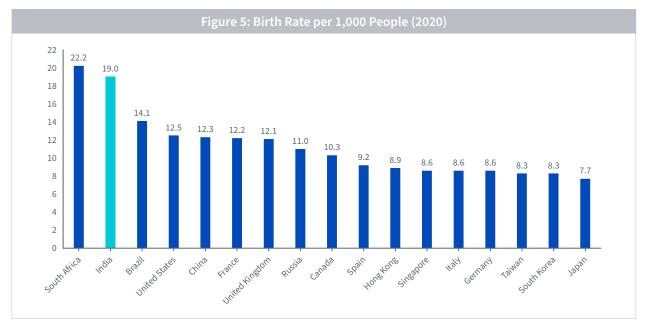
India's 1.4 billion people are nearly a decade younger than China's 1.3 billion.

| Figure 4: Median Age, Select Countries |                |      |      |                    |      |  |  |  |
|--|----------------|------|------|--------------------|------|--|--|--|
| Rank                                   | Country        | Age  | Rank | Country            | Age  |  |  |  |
| 1                                      | Monaco         | 53.1 | 130  | Mexico             | 28.3 |  |  |  |
| 2                                      | Japan          | 47.3 | 136  | Burma              | 28.2 |  |  |  |
| 3                                      | Germany        | 47.1 | 137  | Dominican Republic | 28.1 |  |  |  |
| 23                                     | Spain          | 42.7 | 138  | India              | 28.1 |  |  |  |
| 40                                     | France         | 41.4 | 139  | Algeria            | 28.1 |  |  |  |
| 47                                     | Taiwan         | 40.7 | 140  | Peru               | 28.0 |  |  |  |
| 50                                     | United Kingdom | 40.5 | 228  | Mali               | 15.8 |  |  |  |
| 61                                     | United States  | 38.1 | 229  | Uganda             | 15.8 |  |  |  |
| 67                                     | China          | 37.4 | 230  | Niger              | 15.4 |  |  |  |

Source: 2018 CIA Factbook.

Not only is India young, but it will stay that way, too.

Figure 5 ranks India's birth rate among a selection of major economies. While countries such as China, the U.S. and Japan may be relegated to slowly declining populations, India's will grow.

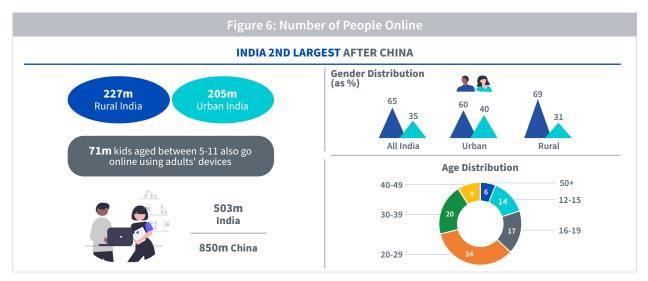


Sources: World Bank, UNESCO Institute for Statistics.



#### **LOGGING ON**

Because the country is still largely impoverished, the bulk of its people are still not yet online. The Internet & Mobile Association of India, along with Nielsen, found that the country still only has 503 million internet users (add the 227m, 205m and 71m in figure 6). That leaves 900 million people who can become computer literate, creating a feedback loop into societal productivity.

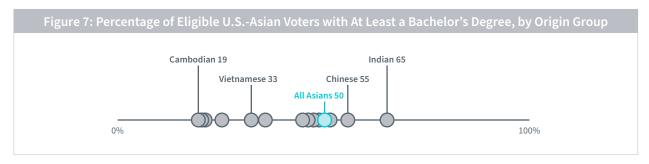


Source: 2019 Digital in India report published by the Internet and Mobile Association of India (IAMAI) and curated by Nielsen.

#### **INDIA'S DIASPORA**

Many Indians who have emigrated have social, political and monetary capital in wealthy nations. In the U.S., two out of every three Indian-Americans have a bachelor's degree, a level that the Pew Research Center found to be higher than all other Asian-American groups.

Many of them are first and second generation, meaning strong business relationships with peers in India are common. Because of these relationships, the source of Indian venture capital is often wealthy Americans, Canadians or Britons of Indian ancestry.



Source: Pew Research Center analysis of 2018 American Community Survey. Survey note: "Chinese include those who identify as Taiwanese. Asians are a single-race and include only non-Hispanics. Eligible voters are adult U.S. citizens. Population estimates may include people who identify with multiple Asian origin groups; in these cases, people are counted in each group to which they belong, which may result in some overlap between groups."



WisdomTree has two Indian equity ETFs. They are:

- + The WisdomTree India Earnings Fund (EPI)
- + The WisdomTree India ex-State-Owned Enterprises Fund (IXSE)

The former weights its component companies by their earnings as a percentage of the total earnings pie.

The latter eliminates from contention any company that has 20% or more of its equity owned by the Indian government. We believe that screen's side effect is that it tends to eliminate the stocks that are "India's past," emphasizing companies that are "India's future."

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