

What's Hot: After Maduro – the new risk landscape

Published 5 January 2026

Mobeen Tahir

Director, Research

Aneeka Gupta

Director, Macroeconomic Research, WisdomTree Europe

Key Takeaways

- Venezuela's regime change has stirred energy markets more than macro forecasts, adding long-term bearish potential to oil amid already well-supplied conditions.
- Gold has gained incremental support from the Venezuela shock, reinforcing its role as portfolio insurance amid rising geopolitical risk and easing rate expectations.
- US refiners and integrated energy majors could benefit from discounted Venezuelan crude, while high-cost producers face new competitive pressures.
- Investors can navigate this geopolitical shift with DHS for energy-linked US income, WDEF for rising European defence exposure, and WRNW for long-term renewable upside.
- Related Products WisdomTree Europe Defence UCITS ETF - EUR Acc, WisdomTree Renewable Energy UCITS ETF - USD Acc, WisdomTree US Equity Income UCITS ETF, WisdomTree Physical Gold, WisdomTree Physical Gold - GBP Daily Hedged, WisdomTree Physical Gold - EUR Daily Hedged, WisdomTree Physical Silver, WisdomTree Core Physical Gold Find out more

What the Maduro shock means for markets

The US-led removal of the Maduro regime in Venezuela is a major geopolitical moment, but a modest macro one. Venezuela accounts for roughly 0.1% of global GDP¹, yet it sits on the world's largest proven oil reserves and produces about 1 million barrels per day (mb/d), around 1% of global supply. The country therefore matters far more for energy markets and risk premia than for global growth itself.

Against that backdrop, the key transmission channels into financial markets are:

- Oil and broader commodity prices
- Inflation and interest-rate expectations
- Sector and style leadership within equities

Oil & Gold in focus

The immediate impact on oil has been muted to slightly negative for prices. On current information, it is unlikely that prices will rise because of a disruption in Venezuelan supply: production continues around 1 mb/d under existing embargoes, with roughly half exported. Markets instead see the situation as potentially bearish in the long run, as more heavy crude could come online over time.

Oil markets are already trading on a narrative of being well supplied amid soft demand. The International Energy Agency projects a surplus of around 3.7 mb/d in 2026. Even if Venezuela's entire current production were to go offline, headline balances would still look comfortable.

Over the longer term, there is a plausible bearish scenario for oil. Venezuela holds around 300 billion barrels of reserves (EIA, as of 2023, reported by the FT on 3 January 2026). If US companies are eventually allowed to invest and output rises meaningfully while demand remains subdued, prices could face structural downward pressure. That said, any material increase in production will require large capex and long lead times, and markets are not pricing this in yet.

Venezuelan crude is also predominantly heavy and sour, limiting its relevance to a subset of refiners, notably on the US Gulf Coast, that are equipped with sufficient coking capacity. This specificity, plus the time needed to restore and scale production, helps explain why the initial price reaction has been relatively contained, even as short-term volatility has picked up.

Gold's reaction has been slightly positive. Geopolitics has been a key driver of gold's sharp ascent over the past year. The situation in Venezuela, while difficult to isolate in terms of its direct price impact, has arguably been one of several forces supporting gold. Recent developments seem to have offered additional support for the safe-haven asset.

More broadly, gold remains supported by a range of factors, including economic policy uncertainty, trade uncertainty, rate cuts and downward pressure on Treasury yields and the dollar, strong central bank and exchange-traded product demand, and geopolitics. The situation in Venezuela and geopolitics more generally may continue to be a key driver in the near future.

Global equities: energy consumers over high-cost producers

For global equities, the Venezuelan shock is more about energy and inflation than about Venezuelan earnings.

On the "knowns" side, Venezuela's heavy crude is like Canadian oil sands. The US Gulf Coast is already configured to process large volumes of such crude, with substantial coking capacity in place. As Venezuelan barrels are gradually rehabilitated and redirected toward US refiners, feedstock availability should improve and refining margins should widen. The immediate winners are refiners and large integrated oil companies that can run more discounted heavy crude and monetise stronger downstream spreads.

Over the medium term, assuming production and exports can be scaled up, increased Venezuelan supply should act as a cap on crude and gasoline prices, even if the path is bumpy. Effectively, that looks like a

small, persistent “tax cut” for US and global consumers: lower headline inflation, more stable energy bills and slightly easier conditions for central banks. Likely losers include Canadian heavy crude producers, who face more competition at the Gulf Coast, and Chinese “teapot” refiners, which had been key buyers of discounted Venezuelan barrels and will now lose privileged access.

This mix typically supports energy consumers and cyclicals over pure-play, high-cost producers. Industrials and chemicals benefit from lower input costs and firmer end demand, while consumer-facing businesses gain from stronger real incomes. By contrast, non-integrated exploration and production (E&P) companies with high marginal costs look more vulnerable if the market comes to believe heavy-crude supply will be structurally better supplied.

Equity angles within the WisdomTree UCITS range

Within WisdomTree’s equity UCITS range, three strategies stand out as natural beneficiaries of this evolving backdrop:

1) WisdomTree US Equity Income UCITS ETF (DHS)

DHS is a high-dividend strategy with 100% US exposure and a meaningful allocation 14.11% to the energy and industrials sectors³. The emphasis is on the transmission channels, not direct Venezuelan risk:

- via oil prices,
- via US large-cap integrated energy, and
- via the broader value / high-dividend factor

The current uncertainty around the timing and scale of Venezuelan barrels returning to market keeps a risk premium in oil and raises the possibility of firmer crude prices and wider energy spreads while the new regime and investment path are clarified. Historically, that backdrop tends to support earnings expectations for US integrated oil majors. For DHS, this higher energy sensitivity can be a relative tailwind versus low-energy or growth-heavy equity-income peers, even if overall risk-off pressures weigh on equities.

2) WisdomTree Europe Defence UCITS ETF (WDEF)

In the current “new world order”, the case for **WDEF** is less about Venezuela itself and more about the rise in geopolitical risk and defence spending. WDEF provides targeted exposure to European companies whose primary business is in the defence industry. Episodes like the US move in Venezuela, renewed tensions in Eastern Europe or the South China Sea all reinforce the same message to governments: defence and deterrence are long-term priorities, not discretionary spending lines.

WDEF is designed to capture that secular, policy-driven spending trend in a single, liquid UCITS vehicle, while keeping the focus on European issuers whilst maintaining clear index rules.

3) WisdomTree Renewable Energy UCITS ETF (WRNW)

WRNW gives broad, listed-equity exposure to the renewable-energy and decarbonisation value chain, including pure-play renewables, equipment manufacturers, grid and storage names and selected upstream enablers. The fund has no direct Venezuela exposure; the link to recent events is through global energy pricing, policy and risk appetite.

In the near term, a Venezuela-driven shock that keeps oil and gas prices elevated can be a headwind for beta- and rate-sensitive renewables, particularly if it coincides with a wobble in broader risk assets. However, structurally higher or more volatile fossil-fuel prices improve the relative economics of renewables and electrification over time, strengthening the long-term demand case for the underlying businesses in WRNW's universe. From an allocation standpoint, WRNW is very much a real-economy hardware play, with industrials (49%) and utilities (21%) making up the bulk of the portfolio and exposure spread globally across the US, China, Asia and Europe⁴.

Conclusion: one country, many market channels

Venezuela's regime change is unlikely to move the global growth needle by itself, but it can reshape the energy landscape at the margin, with knock-on effects for commodities and equities. For commodities, the story is one of well-supplied oil markets with a potential extra buffer down the line, plus another incremental support for gold as geopolitical insurance. For equities, the implications span better economics for refiners and integrated majors, a modest disinflationary impulse that supports consumers and cyclicals, and a world where defence and energy security remain central themes.

For investors looking to position portfolios for these shifting dynamics, DHS offers a high-dividend way to lean into stronger US integrated energy, WDEF provides focused exposure to a structurally rising European defence spend, and WRNW captures the long-term beneficiaries of an accelerated energy transition. Together with carefully chosen commodity exposures in oil and gold, they offer complementary ways to navigate a world where geopolitics, energy security and the cost of carbon remain key market drivers.

1 Reuters as of 5 January 2026

2 International Energy Agency December 2025 Oil Market Report

3 FactSet, WisdomTree as of 5 January 2026

4 FactSet, WisdomTree as of 5 January 2026

Important Risks Related to this Article

IMPORTANT INFORMATION

Marketing communications issued in the European Economic Area (“EEA”): This document has been issued and approved by WisdomTree Ireland Limited, which is authorised and regulated by the Central Bank of Ireland. **Marketing communications issued in jurisdictions outside of the EEA:** This document has been issued and approved by WisdomTree UK Limited, which is authorised and regulated by the United Kingdom Financial Conduct Authority. WisdomTree Ireland Limited and WisdomTree UK Limited are each referred to as “WisdomTree” (as applicable). Our Conflicts of Interest Policy and Inventory are available on request. This marketing communication has been prepared for professional investors, but the WisdomTree products set out in this document may be available in some jurisdictions to any investors, subject to applicable laws and regulations. As the product may not be authorised or its offering may be restricted in your jurisdiction, it is the responsibility of every person or entity to satisfy themselves as to the full observance of the laws and regulations of the relevant jurisdiction. Prior to any application investors are advised to take all necessary legal, regulatory, tax and investment advice on the suitability and consequences of an investment in the products. Past performance is not a reliable indicator of future performance. Any historical performance included in this document may be based on back testing. Back testing is the process of evaluating an investment strategy by applying it to historical data to simulate what the performance of such strategy would have been. Back tested performance is purely hypothetical and is provided in this document solely for informational purposes. Back tested data does not represent actual performance and should not be interpreted as an indication of actual or future performance. The value of any investment may be affected by exchange rate movements. Any decision to invest should be based on the information contained in the appropriate prospectus and after seeking independent investment, tax and legal advice. These products may not be available in your market or suitable for you. The content of this document does not constitute investment advice nor an offer for sale nor a solicitation of an offer to buy any product or make any investment. An investment in exchange-traded products (“ETPs”) is dependent on the performance of the underlying index, less costs, but it is not expected to match that performance precisely. ETPs involve numerous risks including among others, general market risks relating to the relevant underlying index, credit risks on the provider of index swaps utilised in the ETP, exchange rate risks, interest rate risks, inflationary risks, liquidity risks and legal and regulatory risks. The information contained in this document is not, and under no circumstances is to be construed as, an advertisement or any other step in furtherance of a public offering of shares in the United States or any province or territory thereof, where none of the issuers or their products are authorised or registered for distribution and where no prospectus of any of the issuers has been filed with any securities commission or regulatory authority. No document or information in this document should be taken, transmitted or distributed (directly or indirectly) into the United States. None of the issuers, nor any securities issued by them, have been or will be registered under the United States Securities Act of 1933 or the Investment Company Act of 1940 or qualified under any applicable state securities statutes. This document may contain independent market commentary prepared by WisdomTree based on publicly available information. Although WisdomTree endeavours to ensure the accuracy of the content in this document, WisdomTree does not warrant or

guarantee its accuracy or correctness. Any third party data providers used to source the information in this document make no warranties or representation of any kind relating to such data. Where WisdomTree has expressed its own opinions related to product or market activity, these views may change. Neither WisdomTree, nor any affiliate, nor any of their respective officers, directors, partners, or employees accepts any liability whatsoever for any direct or consequential loss arising from any use of this document or its contents. This document may contain forward looking statements including statements regarding our belief or current expectations with regards to the performance of certain assets classes and/or sectors. Forward looking statements are subject to certain risks, uncertainties and assumptions. There can be no assurance that such statements will be accurate and actual results could differ materially from those anticipated in such statements. WisdomTree strongly recommends that you do not place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements. WisdomTree Issuer ICAV The products discussed in this document are issued by WisdomTree Issuer ICAV ("WT Issuer"). WT Issuer is an umbrella investment company with variable capital having segregated liability between its funds organised under the laws of Ireland as an Irish Collective Asset-management Vehicle and authorised by the Central Bank of Ireland ("CBI"). WT Issuer is organised as an Undertaking for Collective Investment in Transferable Securities ("UCITS") under the laws of Ireland and shall issue a separate class of shares ("Shares") representing each fund.

The Fund is described in a Key Information Document (KID) or Key Investor Information Document (KIID) for UK investors, and the prospectus of WT Issuer ("WT Prospectus"). A copy of the WT Prospectus and the KID / KIID is available, for EEA/UK only, in English at www.wisdomtree.eu. Where required under national rules, the KID will also be available in the local language of the relevant EEA Member State. Investors should read the WT Prospectus before investing and should refer to the section of the WT Prospectus entitled »Risk Factors¼ for further details of risks associated with an investment in the Shares. The [summary of investor rights](#) associated with an investment in the fund is available in English on WisdomTree Europe¼s website. WisdomTree Management Limited may decide to terminate the arrangements made for the marketing of its collective investment undertakings. In such circumstances, shareholders in the affected EEA Member State will be notified of this decision and will be provided with the opportunity to redeem their shareholding in the fund free of any charges or deductions for at least 30 working days from the date of such notification. Notice to Investors in Switzerland – Qualified Investors This document constitutes an advertisement of the financial product(s) mentioned herein. The prospectus and the key investor information documents (KIID) are available from WisdomTree¼s website <https://www.wisdomtree.eu/en-ch/resource-library/prospectus-and-regulatory-reports> Some of the sub-funds referred to in this document may not have been registered with the Swiss Financial Market Supervisory Authority ("FINMA"). In Switzerland, such sub-funds that have not been registered with FINMA shall be distributed exclusively to qualified investors, as defined in the Swiss Federal Act on Collective Investment Schemes or its implementing ordinance (each, as amended from time to time). The representative and paying agent of the sub-funds in Switzerland is Société Générale Paris, Zurich Branch, Talacker 50, PO Box 5070, 8021 Zurich, Switzerland. The prospectus, the key investor information documents (KIID), the articles of association and the annual and semi-annual reports of the sub-funds are available free of charge from the representative and paying agent. As regards distribution in Switzerland, the place of jurisdiction and performance is at the registered seat of the representative and paying agent. **For Investors in France:**

The information in this document is intended exclusively for professional investors (as defined under the MiFID) investing for their own account and this material may not in any way be distributed to the public. The distribution of the Prospectus and the offering, sale and delivery of Shares in other jurisdictions may be restricted by law. WT Issuer is a UCITS governed by Irish legislation, and approved by the Financial Regulatory as UCITS compliant with European regulations although may not have to comply with the same rules as those applicable to a similar product approved in France. The Fund has been registered for marketing in France by the Financial Markets Authority (Autorité des Marchés Financiers) and may be distributed to investors in France. Copies of all documents (i.e. the Prospectus, the Key Investor Information Document, any supplements or addenda thereto, the latest annual reports and the memorandum of incorporation and articles of association) are available in France, free of charge at the French centralizing agent, Societe Generale at 29, Boulevard Haussmann, 75009, Paris, France. Any subscription for Shares of the Fund will be made on the basis of the terms of the prospectus and any supplements or addenda thereto. **For Investors in Malta:** This document does not constitute or form part of any offer or invitation to the public to subscribe for or purchase shares in the Fund and shall not be construed as such and no person other than the person to whom this document has been addressed or delivered shall be eligible to subscribe for or purchase shares in the Fund. Shares in the Fund will not in any event be marketed to the public in Malta without the prior authorisation of the Maltese Financial Services Authority.

For Investors in Monaco: This communication is only intended for duly registered banks and/or licensed portfolio management companies in Monaco. This communication must not be sent to the public in Monaco.