

Cybercriminals are winning—cybersecurity must strike back now

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Mobeen Tahir

Director, Research

Key Takeaways

- Cybercriminals are using AI and social engineering to launch more sophisticated attacks.
- Rapid detection is critical—some breaches escalate in under a minute.
- High-profile cyber-attacks are exposing geopolitical risks, from election interference to government breaches.
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I recently created a website, but soon after launching it, I noticed it wasn't appearing in Google searches. While researching how to fix this, I received an email with step-by-step instructions on what to do. Nothing about it seemed suspicious—not even the sender's address. But when I used artificial intelligence (AI) to verify its authenticity, it was flagged as suspicious.

A few years ago, phishing emails had obvious red flags—poor grammar, strange formatting, or sketchy links. Today, with AI-powered tools at their disposal, cybercriminals are far more sophisticated. And if they're getting smarter, cybersecurity must become smarter still.

The unbearable cost of a data breach

In 2024, the average cost of a data breach soared to nearly \$5 million¹. And that's just the average—meaning many breaches resulted in far greater losses. While this number has been rising for years, 2024 saw a sharp uptick, underscoring how the widespread adoption of advanced AI tools is making cybercriminals smarter and attacks more costly than ever.

“Attack speeds could increase up to 100x as threat actors leverage generative AI” – Palo Alto Networks

In many cases, the true cost of a data breach goes beyond dollars and cents—it's immeasurable. What happens when customer trust in a business' security is shattered? The reputational damage could be irreversible. What if a hospital is hacked and a life is lost? The stakes couldn't be higher. That's why cybersecurity isn't just a priority—it's a necessity. And the world is finally waking up to that reality.

Cybercriminals are becoming smarter

increase in voice phishing (vishing) in H2 2024 vs H1 2024

of attacks were malware-free in 2024 (up from 40% in 2019)

51 seconds

Fastest recorded e-crime breakout time

tracked adversaries including 26 new ones in 2024

Source: CrowdStrike 2025 Global Threat Report, March 2025.

When cybercriminals compromise a target, their intention is to infiltrate the organisation via a weak link and move deeper into the network. E-crime breakout time refers to how quickly they escalate control—spreading from the initial breach to critical systems, stealing data, disabling security, or deploying ransomware. Some attackers achieve this in under an hour, making rapid detection and response crucial. In 2024, the fastest recorded time attackers were able to do this was 51 seconds².

Attackers aren't always relying on emails—the nuisance calls we receive can often be quite nefarious. Vishing (voice phishing) attacks involve cybercriminals using phone calls to impersonate trusted entities, such as banks, government agencies, or service providers, to trick victims into revealing sensitive information or transferring money. These scams have surged dramatically, with a 442% increase in vishing in H2 2024 vs H1 2024³, highlighting how criminals are exploiting human trust over the phone to bypass traditional cybersecurity defences.

A few weeks ago, I saw a post on LinkedIn of a man surrounded by police officers. He was telling the story of how he physically hacked into an organisation, walking through security checkpoints, accessing restricted areas, and pushing his luck until he finally got caught. But this wasn't a real attack—it was a penetration test, a controlled security exercise designed to identify vulnerabilities before actual criminals exploit them. Organisations conduct these tests because hackers are employing increasingly sophisticated social engineering techniques—manipulating people rather than systems—to bypass security and gain access. The threat is growing, with 79% of attacks in 2024 being malware-free, up from 40% in 2019⁴, proving that cybercriminals don't always need malware when they can simply trick humans into opening the door.

High profile attacks underscore geopolitical risks

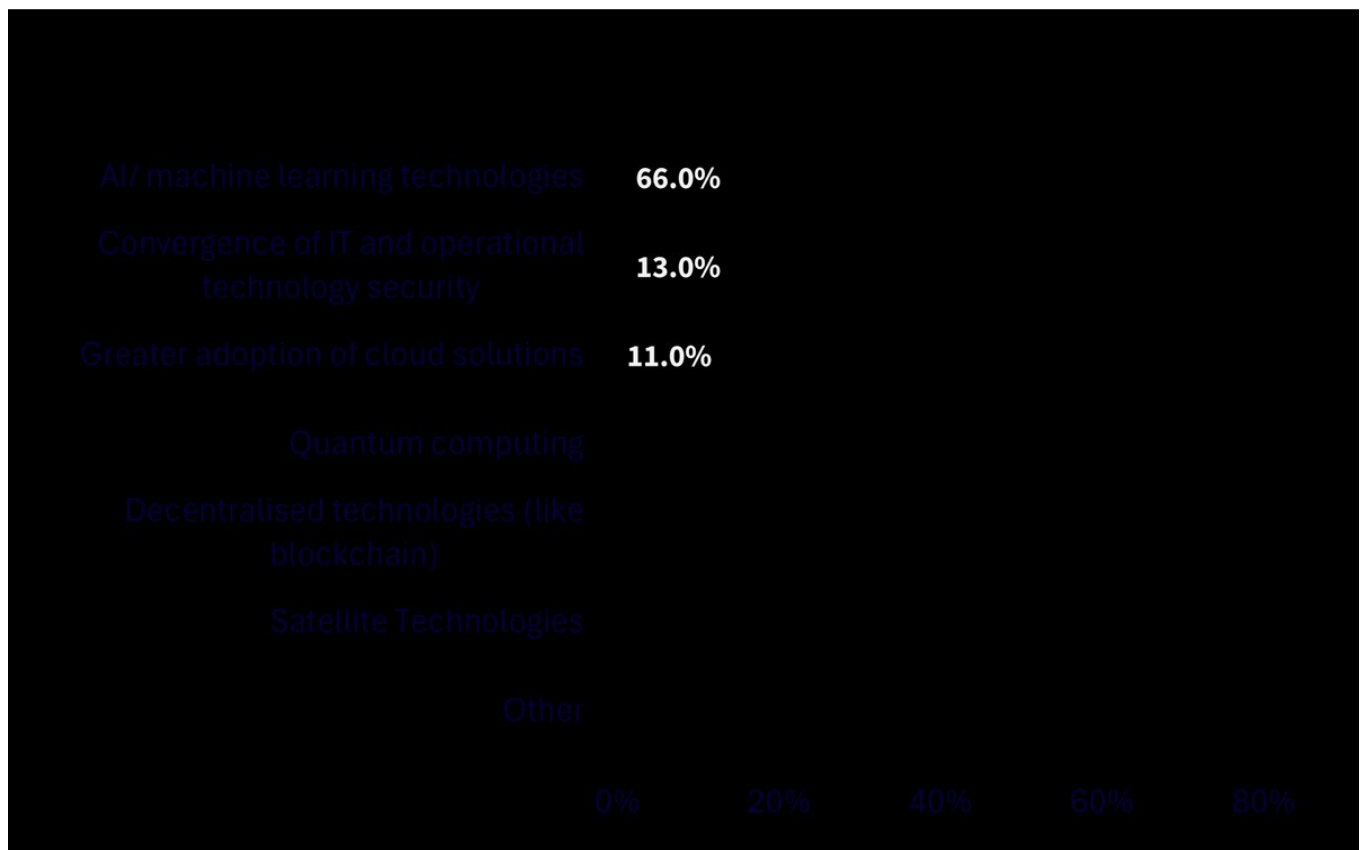
At the outset of 2024, concerns about cyber risks in the election year were widespread. While many countries navigated the electoral cycle without major known cyber incidents, Romania's December presidential election was notably annulled due to allegations of Russian interference. Far-right candidate Calin Georgescu's unexpected lead in the first round prompted investigations revealing a coordinated online campaign and cyberattacks supporting his candidacy, leading the courts to void the election.

In the same month, the US Treasury Department reported a significant cybersecurity breach attributed to Chinese state-sponsored hackers. The attackers exploited a third-party software provider to access Treasury workstations and unclassified documents. The breach involved the theft of a security key, allowing remote access to the department's systems. Although China's foreign ministry denied these allegations, the incident underscores the growing intersection of geopolitical and cybersecurity risks.

Executives are concerned about risks from AI

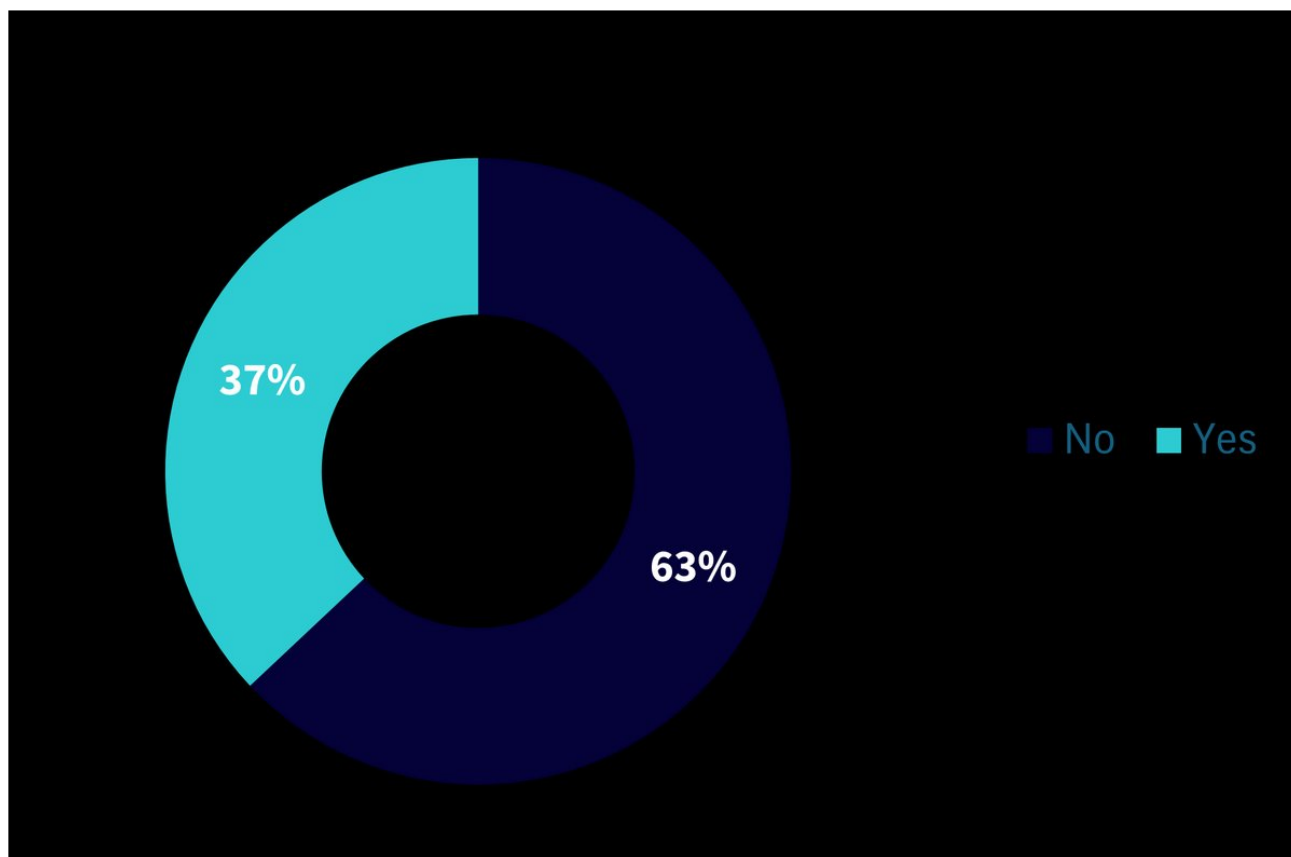
A recent World Economic Forum survey⁵ of executives revealed that 66% believe AI and machine learning will have the biggest impact on cybersecurity in the next 12 months. Yet, 63% admitted their organisations lack processes to assess the security of AI tools before deploying them—highlighting a critical gap between innovation and risk management.

Figure 1: In your view, which of the following will most significantly affect cybersecurity in the next 12 months?



Source: World Economic Forum, Global Cybersecurity Report 2025.

Figure 2: Does your organisation have a process in place to assess the security of AI tools before deploying them?



Source: World Economic Forum, Global Cybersecurity Report 2025.

A smart way to capture a fast-growing theme

The [WisdomTree Cybersecurity UCITS ETF \(WCBR\)](#) has been built in partnership with industry experts Team8. The exchange-traded fund (ETF) identifies eight key areas of focus. These include data security (given our growing digital footprint needs to be secured); the security of connected devices (which is critical as the number of internet-of-things (IoT) gadgets explodes); and what we call the ‘perimeterless world’ (given organisations no longer operate within the confines of physical boundaries).

The ETF is a portfolio of pure-play cybersecurity businesses, with a focus on companies that are growing their revenues quickly and span multiple cybersecurity themes. For investors seeking smart exposure to this vital theme, the ETF can help add growth potential to their portfolio.

Cybersecurity must stay one step ahead

Cybersecurity must constantly innovate, leveraging cutting-edge technology to stay one step ahead of evolving threats. This relentless race between defenders and attackers is what makes cybersecurity such an exciting and dynamic field. Recent headlines around quantum computing suggest that the age of quantum might be closer than we once thought—a future where a quantum computer could shatter even the most sophisticated encryption effortlessly. This would redefine cybersecurity as we know it. Whether it’s quantum computing, AI, or blockchain, every breakthrough introduces new vulnerabilities,

and safeguarding them must be a proactive pursuit, not a reactive one. Because if we wait until the attack happens, it might already be too late.

1 IBM, 2025.

2 Source: CrowdStrike 2025 Global Threat Report, March 2025.

3 Source: CrowdStrike 2025 Global Threat Report, March 2025.

4 Source: CrowdStrike 2025 Global Threat Report, March 2025.

5 Source: World Economic Forum, Global Cybersecurity Report 2025.

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