

---

# FIXED INCOME: HAVE YOU HEARD THE NEWS?

Kevin Flanagan — Head of Fixed Income Strategy

04/12/2017

Last week, specifically the latter half, offered the bond market a lot of news to digest. It certainly came in different forms as well, whether it was geopolitical, [Federal Reserve \(Fed\)](#)-related or economic. As a result, we thought it would be useful to offer some brief insights regarding these developments' current or in some cases potential impact on the fixed income arena.

## Geopolitical

The launching of Tomahawk missiles into Syria on Thursday night takes top billing. Geopolitical developments are always a wild card when it comes to market valuations, but the knee-jerk response in the fixed income arena went according to script. In other words, [Treasures](#) rallied. Whether this factor remains a market influence will depend on whether developments escalate. In my opinion, a U.S. missile attack that is *only* followed with tough rhetoric, and no counter actionable response from Russia, Syria and/or Iran, does not rise to that threshold.

The enclosed graph provides a glimpse into trading activity for the [10-Year U.S. Treasury \(UST\) yield](#) the night of the missile attack and for the subsequent "jobs Friday." As you can clearly see, as the attack was hitting the wires, the 10-Year yield dropped 6 [basis points \(bps\)](#) to roughly 2.29%. This was the first move below the 2.30% threshold since November. As recently as March 13, the 10-Year yield was 2.63%.



Source: Bloomberg, as of 4/7/17. Past performance is not indicative of future results.

## The Fed

Next up, the Fed. In this case, we're referring to the release of the March [FOMC](#) minutes where the policy makers provided more "color" surrounding their balance sheet plans. The surprise here was that the Fed included not just agency mortgage-backed securities, but also their Treasury holdings in the discussion of either outright ending or phasing out their current reinvestment policy. Fed UST holdings are rolled over at auction; thus, if the Fed ceases to reinvest the proceeds at maturity, the Treasury needs to make up for this shortfall by issuing more debt to the public. The key here is where on the yield curve this shortfall would be made up. There's a big difference between issuing more t-bills versus more 5-, 10- or 30-year paper, as the latter carries more potential interest rate risk.

Also, recent comments from New York Fed president William C. Dudley addressed the combination of [rate hikes](#) and the balance sheet. In particular, Dudley mentioned that when the Fed decides to reduce or end reinvestments, perhaps the policy makers should also consider a "little pause" in their rate hike cycle to observe how the markets respond to the balance sheet part of the process. The UST market appeared to interpret his first comments on this subject as the Fed using its altered reinvestment policy in lieu of future rate hikes. If economic and financial conditions don't change from the Fed's outlook, the policy makers could start the balance sheet process late in 2017 or early 2018.

## Jobs

Finally, the jobs report. It was a strange report, to say the least, with the headline nonfarm payroll figure coming in far less than expected at +98,000. However, it looks like this could have been weather-related due to the East Coast snowstorm in mid-March. On the other side of the ledger, the unemployment rate dropped 0.2 percentage points to 4.5%, a nearly 10-year low. The alternate measure, civilian employment, surged by 472,000. Typically, these two measures come into better alignment over time. Although average hourly earnings fell a modest 0.1 percentage points to +2.7% on a year-over-year basis, the recent upward range for wages was maintained.

## Conclusion

With all this news taken together, the Fed still appears to be on track for another rate hike in June. For the record, there

is an FOMC meeting prior to June, slated for May 2–3. One last point: The 10-Year UST yield did drop to a low of 2.27% on Friday, but it could not hold there, maintaining the 2.25% to 2.65% trading range for now.

***Unless otherwise noted, source is Bloomberg, as of April 7, 2017.***

For standardized performance and the most recent month-end performance click [here](#) NOTE, this material is intended for electronic use only. Individuals who intend to print and physically deliver to an investor must print the monthly performance report to accompany this blog.

For more investing insights, check out our [Economic & Market Outlook](#)

View the online version of this article [here](#).

## **IMPORTANT INFORMATION**

**U.S. investors only: Click [here](#) to obtain a WisdomTree ETF prospectus which contains investment objectives, risks, charges, expenses, and other information; read and consider carefully before investing.**

There are risks involved with investing, including possible loss of principal. Foreign investing involves currency, political and economic risk. Funds focusing on a single country, sector and/or funds that emphasize investments in smaller companies may experience greater price volatility. Investments in emerging markets, currency, fixed income and alternative investments include additional risks. Please see prospectus for discussion of risks.

Past performance is not indicative of future results. This material contains the opinions of the author, which are subject to change, and should not to be considered or interpreted as a recommendation to participate in any particular trading strategy, or deemed to be an offer or sale of any investment product and it should not be relied on as such. There is no guarantee that any strategies discussed will work under all market conditions. This material represents an assessment of the market environment at a specific time and is not intended to be a forecast of future events or a guarantee of future results. This material should not be relied upon as research or investment advice regarding any security in particular. The user of this information assumes the entire risk of any use made of the information provided herein. Neither WisdomTree nor its affiliates, nor Foreside Fund Services, LLC, or its affiliates provide tax or legal advice. Investors seeking tax or legal advice should consult their tax or legal advisor. Unless expressly stated otherwise the opinions, interpretations or findings expressed herein do not necessarily represent the views of WisdomTree or any of its affiliates.

The MSCI information may only be used for your internal use, may not be reproduced or re-disseminated in any form and may not be used as a basis for or component of any financial instruments or products or indexes. None of the MSCI information is intended to constitute investment advice or a recommendation to make (or refrain from making) any kind of investment decision and may not be relied on as such. Historical data and analysis should not be taken as an indication or guarantee of any future performance analysis, forecast or prediction. The MSCI information is provided on an "as is" basis and the user of this information assumes the entire risk of any use made of this information. MSCI, each of its affiliates and each entity involved in compiling, computing or creating any MSCI information (collectively, the "MSCI Parties") expressly disclaims all warranties. With respect to this information, in no event shall any MSCI Party have any liability for any direct, indirect, special, incidental, punitive, consequential (including loss profits) or any other damages ([www.msci.com](http://www.msci.com))

Jonathan Steinberg, Jeremy Schwartz, Rick Harper, Christopher Gannatti, Bradley Krom, Tripp Zimmerman, Michael Barrer, Anita Rausch, Kevin Flanagan, Brendan Loftus, Joseph Tenaglia, Jeff Weniger, Matt Wagner, Alejandro Saltiel, Ryan Krystopowicz, Jianing Wu, and Brian Manby are registered representatives of Foreside Fund Services, LLC.

WisdomTree Funds are distributed by Foreside Fund Services, LLC, in the U.S. only.

You cannot invest directly in an index.

## **DEFINITIONS**

**Federal Reserve** : The Federal Reserve System is the central banking system of the United States.

**Treasury** : Debt obligation issued by the U.S. government with payments of principal and interest backed by the full faith and credit of the U.S. government.

**10-year government bond yield** : Yields on the 10 year government debt security.

**Basis point** : 1/100th of 1 percent.

**Federal Open Market Committee (FOMC)** : The branch of the Federal Reserve Board that determines the direction of monetary policy.

**Rate Hike** : refers to an increase in the policy rate set by a central bank. In the U.S., this generally refers to the Federal Funds Target Rate.