WHAT DOES GENETIC RESEARCH LOOK LIKE?

Christopher Gannatti — Global Head of Research 12/13/2021

Thematic or megatrend strategies typically focus on the coming wave of 'big ideas' for equities. Investors, usually seeking more excitement than is available with indexes like the $\underline{S\&P~500}$ Information Technology or $\underline{Nasdaq~100}$, love the stories and the seeming promise of possibility.

But what do some of these big ideas really look like in their implementation?

A Case Study in Genetic Research: Progressing toward a Cure for Type 1 Diabetes

For those of us without a degree in medicine or molecular biology, we know that genetic research may seem cool but if pressed we couldn't explain what it means in any concrete way. The trick with many of these megatrends is going from the abstract, high level, often exciting, concept to what it actually means right now or in the near future.

Recently, we saw a story published in the *The New York Times* about the progress being made on a cure for type 1 diabetes.

Type 1 Diabetes—A Primer

Type 1 diabetes occurs when the body's immune system begins to attack and destroy the insulin-producing islet cells of the pancreas. In the most usual circumstances, the symptoms manifest around age 13 or 14. Type 1 diabetes contrasts with type 2 diabetes—the more common, less severe variant—in that it can be lethal without insulin injections. Blindness, kidney failure, limb amputations, sudden death during sleep, heart attack, stroke—these are but some of the critical risks with type 1 diabetes. To give the disease a sense of scale, currently about 1.5 million people in the U.S. suffer from type 1 diabetes.

Traditional Cures or Remedies

Insulin must be introduced, regularly, into the bodies of patients with type 1 diabetes. The only true cure would be a successful transplant of a healthy pancreas or at least the specific insulin-producing cells of one. It must be recognized that 1) insulin is costly, and a burden on those with no other option and 2) there would never be enough pancreas donors for all affected patients.

Enter the Possibilities of Genetic Research

Absent a set of reasonable possibilities for a large set of type 1 diabetes patients, scientists could turn to the possibilities of genetic research. In this case, the goal would be to somehow introduce insulin-producing cells into a patient, and to have those cells be genetically similar enough to that patient such that the patient's immune system wouldn't kill them.

Embryonic stem cells are interesting in that they can be coaxed to develop into any specific, specialized cells within the human body. The crux of what 'genetic research' means in this case is the process by which one could take embryonic stem cells and grow them into a specific set of insulin-producing cells that could then be used in patients with type 1 diabetes. Scientifically speaking, this would be a very tall order.

The Long Journey of Dr. Doug Melton

Dr. Melton was a biologist at Harvard University and he began to focus on diabetes when his 6-month-old son began to show symptoms. Over the course of 20 years, he worked in a lab with about 15 people on a process to coax the embryonic stem cells to develop into islet cells—those that would produce insulin. Dr. Melton has estimated the cost of the project at about \$50 million. In 2014, he founded a company, Semma, after some promising initial results in which the team was able to prove that they could in fact generate cells that did produce insulin.

From there, the process involved tests in certain animals, like mice and rats, where it was shown that this approach of introducing these insulin-producing cells did lead to curing type 1 diabetes. In 2019, Vertex Pharmaceuticals acquired



Semma for \$950 million. In less than two years since this acquisition, the Food & Drug Administration (FDA) approved a clinical trial to begin measuring the efficacy of the process in human patients.

While initial results of the clinical trial appear to show some promise, it is important to note that there must be further study and testing to indicate if this approach is truly safe and effective.

Genetic Research Holds Promise, but not without Risk

It was exciting to read about such a course of events. People can connect with the idea of a protagonist with the appropriate expertise being inspired on a course of study with the hope of improving life for a family member. However, we must remember that from the initial taking up of the challenge to the appropriate time for human clinical trials was about 20 years. It's also important to understand that the ethical sourcing of embryonic stem cells is an often debated issue. For every story like this, where it seems that success is possible down the line, there are many well-intentioned efforts that are unable to show even initial success.

Still, if I had to distil what genetic research is, at least in the context of 2021, I would think of it as introducing a new set of potential possibilities for patients that may not have other easily available options.

Accessing Genetic Research

For investors seeking to capitalize on this trend, earlier this year, we launched the <u>WisdomTree BioRevolution Fund (WD NA)</u>, a <u>basket</u> of companies with the potential to be significantly transformed by advancements in genetics and biotechnology.

We believe <u>WDNA</u> is uniquely positioned to provide exposure to companies that are reading, understanding, writing and editing DNA for applications within the health care vertical and across interdisciplinary fields like agriculture, food, materials, chemicals and energy production.

Source for all material in this piece was: Gina Kolata, "A Cure For Type 1 Diabetes? For One Man, It Seems to Have Worked," The New York Times, 11/27/21.

Click here for fund holding.

Important Risks Related to this Article

There are risks associated with investing, including the possible loss of principal. The Fund invests in BioRevolution companies, which are companies significantly transformed by advancements in genetics and biotechnology. BioRevolution companies face intense competition and potentially rapid product obsolescence. These companies may be adversely affected by the loss or impairment of intellectual property rights and other proprietary information or changes in government regulations or policies.

Additionally, BioRevolution companies may be subject to risks associated with genetic analysis. The Fund invests in the securities included in, or representative of, its Index regardless of their investment merit, and the Fund does not attempt to outperform its Index or take defensive positions in declining markets. The composition of the Index is governed by an Index Committee, and the Index may not perform as intended. Please read the Fund's prospectus for specific details regarding the Fund's risk profile.

For standardized performance and the most recent month-end performance click <u>here</u> NOTE, this material is intended for electronic use only. Individuals who intend to print and physically deliver to an investor must print the monthly performance report to accompany this blog.

Related Funds

+ WisdomTree BioRevolution Fund

View the online version of this article here.



IMPORTANT INFORMATION

U.S. investors only: Click <u>here</u> to obtain a WisdomTree ETF prospectus which contains investment objectives, risks, charges, expenses, and other information; read and consider carefully before investing.

There are risks involved with investing, including possible loss of principal. Foreign investing involves currency, political and economic risk. Funds focusing on a single country, sector and/or funds that emphasize investments in smaller companies may experience greater price volatility. Investments in emerging markets, currency, fixed income and alternative investments include additional risks. Please see prospectus for discussion of risks.

Past performance is not indicative of future results. This material contains the opinions of the author, which are subject to change, and should not to be considered or interpreted as a recommendation to participate in any particular trading strategy, or deemed to be an offer or sale of any investment product and it should not be relied on as such. There is no guarantee that any strategies discussed will work under all market conditions. This material represents an assessment of the market environment at a specific time and is not intended to be a forecast of future events or a guarantee of future results. This material should not be relied upon as research or investment advice regarding any security in particular. The user of this information assumes the entire risk of any use made of the information provided herein. Neither WisdomTree nor its affiliates, nor Foreside Fund Services, LLC, or its affiliates provide tax or legal advice. Investors seeking tax or legal advice should consult their tax or legal advisor. Unless expressly stated otherwise the opinions, interpretations or findings expressed herein do not necessarily represent the views of WisdomTree or any of its affiliates.

The MSCI information may only be used for your internal use, may not be reproduced or re-disseminated in any form and may not be used as a basis for or component of any financial instruments or products or indexes. None of the MSCI information is intended to constitute investment advice or a recommendation to make (or refrain from making) any kind of investment decision and may not be relied on as such. Historical data and analysis should not be taken as an indication or guarantee of any future performance analysis, forecast or prediction. The MSCI information is provided on an "as is" basis and the user of this information assumes the entire risk of any use made of this information. MSCI, each of its affiliates and each entity involved in compiling, computing or creating any MSCI information (collectively, the "MSCI Parties") expressly disclaims all warranties. With respect to this information, in no event shall any MSCI Party have any liability for any direct, indirect, special, incidental, punitive, consequential (including loss profits) or any other damages (www.msci.com)

Jonathan Steinberg, Jeremy Schwartz, Rick Harper, Christopher Gannatti, Bradley Krom, Tripp Zimmerman, Michael Barrer, Anita Rausch, Kevin Flanagan, Brendan Loftus, Joseph Tenaglia, Jeff Weniger, Matt Wagner, Alejandro Saltiel, Ryan Krystopowicz, Jianing Wu, and Brian Manby are registered representatives of Foreside Fund Services, LLC.

WisdomTree Funds are distributed by Foreside Fund Services, LLC, in the U.S. only.

You cannot invest directly in an index.



DEFINITIONS

S&P 500 Index: Market capitalization-weighted benchmark of 500 stocks selected by the Standard and Poor's Index Committee designed to represent the performance of the leading industries in the United States economy.

Nasdaq 100 Index: Includes 100 of the largest domestic and international non-financial companies listed on The Nasdaq Stock Market based on market capitalization. The Index reflects companies across major industry groups including computer hardware and software, telecommunications, retail/wholesale trade and biotechnology. It does not contain securities of financial companies, including investment companies.

Baskets: The composition of an ETF in terms one creation/redemption unit.

