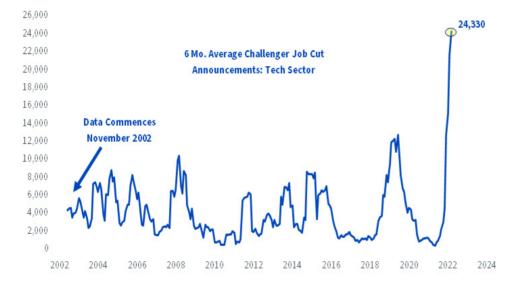
# THE TECH BUST IS PROMPTING DIVIDENDS' MEAN REVERSION

Jeff Weniger — Head of Equity Strategy 03/23/2023

Sometimes our own worst enemy is a cloudy memory. It has only been a bit over a year since the stock market started its rotation out of <u>growth</u> and into <u>value</u>, but it seems like forever ago that Big Tech was marching to new highs. At the same time, unprofitable "stay-at-home" stocks and other companies that benefitted from Covid's societal changes were laying waste to value investors' relative performance.

Flash forward to today, when conditions are a far cry from those that prevailed in 2021. The Challenger report for February is telling us the tech sector may have to contend with the bust stage of the economic cycle in 2023 (figure 1).





Sources: Refinitiv, Challenger, Gray & Christmas, as of February 2023. Past performance does not guarantee future results.

With <u>dividend</u> stocks holding up better than the broad market last year, it may be easy to forget how torturous things were for value when pricey Big Tech stocks were on their long runs before, during and after Covid.

Using the data library compiled by Dartmouth's Ken French, something that jumps out in figure 2 is the 20-year period to September 2021. That window captures most of WisdomTree's history since we first launched ETFs in June 2006.

Figure 2: 20-Year Rolling Annualized Outperformance, High Dividend Stocks Minus Low Dividend





Source: Kenneth French Data Library, CRSP database. Data 07/31/1927–12/31/2022. The axis begins in 1947 because it is 20-year rolling data. Stocks separated into Top Quintile Minus Bottom Quintile.

#### Stocks

The heartening thing about figure 2 is what happens a couple decades after the extremes. Perhaps the setup is "high dividends for the 2020s and 2030s."

Figure 3 puts the extent of the now-ended growth run in some context. Comparing it to growth stocks' legendary performance in the 1990s, the magnitude of the outperformance during what I've labeled the <u>"FAANG"</u> cycle is similar. However, the snapback over the last year or so has been bold; growth vs. high dividends is now at a total return stalemate since 1993, the year that era's growth cycle commenced.



#### Figure 3: S&P 500 High Dividend Index Relative to S&P 500 Growth Index (Total Return)

Source: Refinitiv, as of 2/10/2023. You cannot invest directly in an index. Past performance is not indicative of future returns.

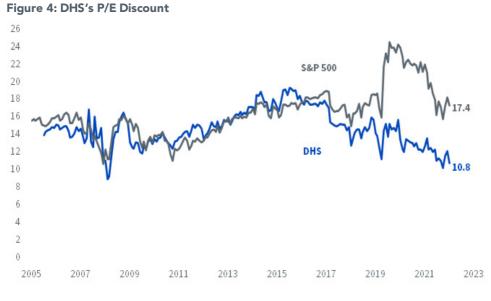
Unlike just a short while ago, the market no longer seems willing to give a free pass to Facebook-parent Meta, along with Apple, Amazon, Google-parent Alphabet and Netflix (the FAANGs). Considering the increasing attention to tech layoffs, that may continue to be the case until economic conditions improve.

One of our deeper value concepts is DHS, the <u>WisdomTree U.S. High Dividend Fund</u>. Despite the comeback in value, it still trades at a wide discount to the <u>S&P 500</u>, a condition that only began to creep up when things got really whacky in the stock market amid the Covid money splash (figure 4).

Now, as the whacky becomes un-whacky, maybe the 20-year time series between high and low dividends spends the



coming years mean reverting. If that's the case, <u>DHS</u> deserves a look.



Source: WisdomTree Digital Portfolio Developer, as of 12/31/22.

#### Important Risks Related to this Article

DHS does not have any exposure to the stocks mentioned in this blog.

There are risks associated with investing, including the possible loss of principal. Funds focusing their investments on certain sectors increase their vulnerability to any single economic or regulatory development. This may result in greater share price volatility. Dividends are not guaranteed, and a company currently paying dividends may cease paying dividends at any time. Please read the Fund's prospectus for specific details regarding the Fund's risk profile.

For the top 10 holdings of DHS please visit the Fund's fund detail page at <u>https://www.wisdomtree.com/investments/etfs</u>/<u>/equity/dhs</u>

For standardized performance and the most recent month-end performance click <u>here</u> NOTE, this material is intended for electronic use only. Individuals who intend to print and physically deliver to an investor must print the monthly performance report to accompany this blog.

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## DEFINITIONS

**Growth** : Characterized by higher price levels relative to fundamentals, such as dividends or earnings. Price levels are higher because investors are willing to pay more due to their expectations of future improvements in these fundamentals.

**Value** : Characterized by lower price levels relative to fundamentals, such as earnings or dividends. Prices are lower because investors are less certain of the performance of these fundamentals in the future. This term is also related to the Value Factor, which associates these stock characteristics with excess returns vs the market over tim.

**Dividend** : A portion of corporate profits paid out to shareholders.

**FAANG** : An acronym referring to the stocks of the five most popular and best-performing American technology companies: Facebook, Amazon, Apple, Netflix and Alphabet (formerly known as Google).

**S&P 500 Index** : Market capitalization-weighted benchmark of 500 stocks selected by the Standard and Poor's Index Committee designed to represent the performance of the leading industries in the United States economy.

