

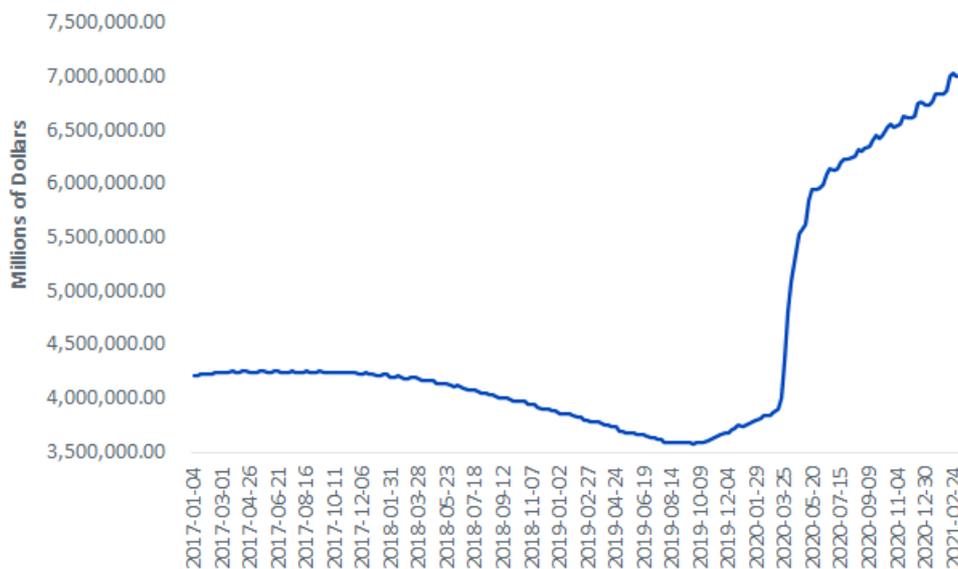
# FED WATCH: IN NO HURRY FOR A "LIFTOFF"

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A [Federal Reserve \(Fed\)](#) meeting on St. Patrick’s Day—for a bond guy like me, there’s nothing like it. In honor of these two events coinciding this year, and given what has recently been transpiring in the [U.S. Treasury market \(UST\)](#), an Irish saying comes to mind: *If you buy what you don’t need, you might have to sell what you do.*

This year’s rise in the UST 10-year yield has created speculation that the timing of the Fed’s first [rate hike](#) could get pushed up, while also heightening discussion about when any [balance sheet tapering](#) talk might occur. Based on recent comments from Powell & Co., and of course today’s [FOMC](#) meeting, the Fed appears to be in no hurry for a liftoff, i.e., raising the [Fed Funds target range](#) over the next year or two.

## Fed Holdings of Treasuries, Agency Debt & MBS



Source: Federal Reserve, as of 3/11/21

Against this backdrop, it appears the more likely Fed policy headlines for this year will center around its balance sheet. But before any possible taper talk, the UST market has been waiting to see if the policy makers will make any shifts in the composition of their purchases. On this front, Chair Powell has been trying to thread the needle between what is considered ‘normal’ rate movements given the improved economic outlook and something that “was notable and caught my eye.”

At this point, the Fed seems to be downplaying the notion of a disorderly move higher in the UST 10-Year yield and instead focusing more on keeping [monetary policy](#) right where it is, namely, highly accommodative. Thus, the maturity composition of the Fed’s Treasury purchases, for now, has not been altered.

In terms of the Fed’s balance sheet, the policy makers’ holdings of Treasuries, [mortgage-backed securities \(MBS\)](#) and agencies have now topped \$7 trillion. The accompanying graph reveals a bit of a sawtooth pattern since spring of last year, but the unmistakable trend is one of higher totals. In fact, since March 2020, the Fed’s [System Open Market Account \(SOMA\)](#) has risen by over \$3.1 trillion, with a little under \$300 billion occurring year-to-date.

## Conclusion

What often gets overlooked by investors is that even though the Fed is buying Treasuries at a rather aggressive clip, rates can still rise, specifically in the intermediate to longer [duration](#) areas. This possible development is important to keep in mind when positioning your fixed income portfolio.

***Unless otherwise stated, data source is Federal Reserve, as of 3/11/21.***

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## DEFINITIONS

**Federal Reserve** : The Federal Reserve System is the central banking system of the United States.

**Treasury** : Debt obligation issued by the U.S. government with payments of principal and interest backed by the full faith and credit of the U.S. government.

**Rate Hike** : refers to an increase in the policy rate set by a central bank. In the U.S., this generally refers to the Federal Funds Target Rate.

**Balance sheet** : refers to the cash and cash equivalents part of the Current Assets on a firm's balance sheet and cash available for purchasing new positions.

**Tapering** : A shift in monetary policy by which the Federal Reserve would begin decreasing the amount of bonds it purchases.

**Federal Open Market Committee (FOMC)** : The branch of the Federal Reserve Board that determines the direction of monetary policy.

**Fed funds target range** : the interest rate band the Federal Open Market Committee decides to implement for the federal funds rate.

**Monetary policy** : Actions of a central bank or other regulatory committee that determine the size and rate of growth of the money supply, which in turn affects interest rates.

**Mortgage-backed securities** : Fixed income securities that are composed of multiple underlying mortgages.

**System Open Market Account (SOMA)** : An account that is managed by the Federal Reserve Bank, containing assets acquired through operations in the open market. The assets in SOMA serve as a management tool for the Federal Reserve's assets, a store of liquidity to be used in an emergency event where the need for liquidity arises, and as collateral for the liabilities on the Federal Reserve's balance sheet such as U.S. dollars in circulation.

**Duration** : A measure of a bond's sensitivity to changes in interest rates. The weighted average accounts for the various durations of the bonds purchased as well as the proportion of the total government bond portfolio that they make up.