

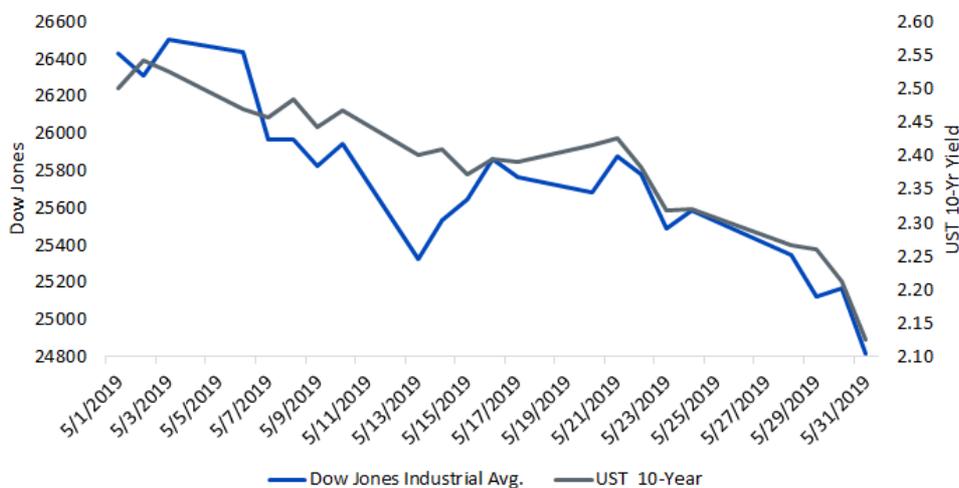
# WHICH CAME FIRST—THE CHICKEN OR THE EGG?

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A funny thing happened one day last week when I walked into the office. No, this is not the setup for some joke; rather, I’m referring to what I heard regarding movement in the stock and bond markets. Specifically, the narrative was that the decline in U.S. equities resulted from the drop in the [U.S. Treasury \(UST\) 10-Year yield](#). Because I’ve been a “bond guy” for quite some time now, the rhetoric was fascinating to me and brought to mind this age-old question: Which came first—the chicken or the egg?

In my experience, the bond market typically *reacts* to developments in the stock market, not the other way around. Being a baby boomer (right at the tail end, mind you), I thought: Am I missing something here? Could the paradigm have shifted? Thus, I decided to do a little bit more investigating, and what I found was that, in my opinion, no, the paradigm had not shifted. The recent decline in the UST 10-Year yield had its genesis in the latest sell-off in the stock market, which began in early May and continued throughout the month.

**Dow Jones Industrial Avg. vs. UST 10-Year Yield**



Source: Bloomberg, as of 6/01/19. Past performance is not indicative of future results. You cannot invest directly in an index.

Take a look at the graph. The UST 10-Year yield was essentially straddling the 2.50% threshold in the opening days of May until the [Dow Jones Industrial Average \(DJIA\)](#) took a nearly 475-point nosedive on May 7. This began the downward trend in which we find ourselves now. Remember, that trend was in response to the breakdown in U.S./China trade talks and the attendant escalation in “tariff talk.” Then round 2 hit as the DJIA plunged 617 points on May 13, leading the UST 10-Year to break through the 2.40% level, ultimately falling down to 2.37%—which, at that time, matched the 2019 low watermark set back in March. Notice how stocks rebounded somewhat after this episode—and what did the 10-Year yield do? That’s right, it moved back up as a result.

Then round 3, or the 286-point drop in the Dow on May 23, which took the UST 10-Year down to 2.32%, ultimately penetrating a key technical level soon thereafter. That brings us to where we were as of this writing: a cumulative 1,600-point plunge in the Dow and a nearly 40 [basis point](#) drop in the UST 10-Year yield to 2.12%.

## Conclusion

During May, there is no doubt the bond market received some softer-than-expected economic data. However, the data stream overall was mixed (strong jobs), and did not point toward a likely [recession](#) anytime soon. We all know that trades and tariffs are a wild card right now, and the upcoming [G20](#) summit in late June will be scrutinized for any thawing in the U.S./China dispute (and throw Mexico into the mix as well). Until the fear and uncertainty quotients get dialed back and the stock market can stabilize (hopefully, not a big "if"), the Treasury market will more than likely continue to take its cue from the "[risk-off](#)" trade. That being said, don't lose sight of the upcoming jobs report and Federal Reserve meeting later this month.

***Unless otherwise stated, data source is Bloomberg as of June 1, 2019.***

For standardized performance and the most recent month-end performance click [here](#) NOTE, this material is intended for electronic use only. Individuals who intend to print and physically deliver to an investor must print the monthly performance report to accompany this blog.

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## DEFINITIONS

**10-Year Treasury** : a debt obligation of the U.S. government with an original maturity of ten years.

**Dow Jones Industrial Average** : The Dow Jones Industrial Average is a price-weighted average of 30 significant stocks traded on the New York Stock Exchange and the Nasdaq.

**Basis point** : 1/100th of 1 percent.

**Recession** : two consecutive quarters of negative GDP growth, characterized generally by a slowing economy and higher unemployment.

**G20** : Group of 20 of the world's largest economies that meets regularly in order to coordinate global economic policies.

**Risk-on/risk-off** : refers to changes in investment activity in response to perceived risk. During periods when risk is perceived as low, investors tend to engage in higher-risk investments. When risk is perceived as high, investors tend to gravitate toward lower-risk investments.