DEM'S DIVIDEND YIELD IS AT GLOBAL FINANCIAL CRISIS LEVELS

Jeff Weniger — Head of Equity Strategy 02/21/2023

I'll just get right to it: in the history of our dataset, we have no record of the <u>WisdomTree Emerging Markets High Divide</u> nd Fund (DEM) offering a <u>dividend yield</u> as large as what it has been posting in recent months. It's showing a backward-looking 10.6% yield in our Digital Portfolio Developer tool.

The performance data quoted represents past performance and is no guarantee of future results. Investment return and principal value of an investment will fluctuate so that an investor's shares, when redeemed, may be worth more or less than their original cost. Current performance may be lower or higher than the performance data quoted. For the most recent month-end performance, please click here.

Meantime, using the trailing yield, we have no record of it having this large of a gap relative to the <u>MSCI Emerging Mark</u> <u>ets Index</u>, nor do we have any precedent for it being this much higher than the yield on the <u>S&P 500</u>.

In figure 1, I put the yellow circles on <u>DEM</u>'s previous record high yield, around 10%, which came in October 2008. Recall that Lehman Brothers collapsed in the prior month.

12% 11% 10.63% 10% October 2008: DEM's WisdomTree Emerging Markets High 996 Dividend Yield Was 630 **Dividend Fund** 896 bps over MSCI Emerging 79% Markets and 707 bps 696 over the S&P 500 596 4% 3% 20% 196 S&P 500 09% 1994 1996 1998 2000 2002 2004 2006 2008 2010 2012 2014 2016 2018 2020 2022

Figure 1: DEM's Dividend Yield

Source: WisdomTree Digital Portfolio Developer, as of 12/31/22.

The thing about the 10.6% trailing yield is it captures some anomalies in the Energy patch, the best example being a 59% dividend yield on Petrobras, which comprises 3.4% of <u>DEM</u>. We found that the median analyst estimated yield on that firm is 15%.

DEM Needs the Dollar to Behave

For <u>DEM</u> and other emerging equity funds to work out, we will need the greenback to abide. Though it wouldn't be the first time a strong currency got stronger, USD is so expensive that doing so will be an uphill climb. Its <u>real effective exchange rate (REER)</u> revisited its 2001 peak a few months ago.

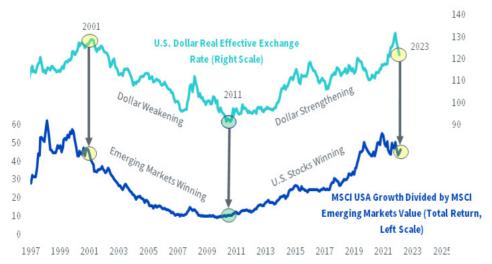
Figure 2 shows what happened after 2001.

The turn of the century marked a nice entry point for both <u>emerging markets</u> and <u>value</u>. It was precisely the wrong time



to be heavy in the U.S. and/or biased toward growth stocks.

Figure 2: Emerging Markets Value Stocks Are Beating U.S. Growth Stocks Again



Sources: Refinitiv, JPM, as of 12/31/22.

Things to Know about DEM

We recently surpassed \$2 billion in this one, which you should treat as a classic deep-value fund. To call it a "hunt for yield" fund is appropriate. To be long <u>DEM</u>, you should agree with the thesis that has the market "on" dividends and "off" groups such as biotech and unprofitable story stocks. We believe <u>DEM</u> is for a classic value investor.

If you run <u>DEM</u> through the <u>Digital Portfolio Developer Fund Comparison tool</u>, type in MXEF for the MSCI Emerging Markets Index and "500" to bring up the S&P 500. That will let you replicate the first chart in this blog post while also presenting a deeper look at a ton of fundamental information.

Unless otherwise stated, all data as of 12/31/22.

Important Risks and Disclosure Related to this Article

This material must be preceded or accompanied by a prospectus.

There are risks associated with investing, including the possible loss of principal. Foreign investing involves special risks, such as risk of loss from currency fluctuation or political or economic uncertainty. Funds focusing on a single sector generally experience greater price volatility. Investments in emerging, offshore or frontier markets are generally less liquid and less efficient than investments in developed markets and are subject to additional risks, such as risks of adverse governmental regulation, intervention and political developments. Due to the investment strategy of this Fund, it may make higher capital gain distributions than other ETFs. Dividends are not guaranteed, and a company currently paying dividends may cease paying dividends at any time. Please read the Fund's prospectus for specific details regarding the Fund's risk profile.

For standardized performance and the most recent month-end performance click <u>here</u> NOTE, this material is intended for electronic use only. Individuals who intend to print and physically deliver to an investor must print the monthly performance report to accompany this blog.

View the online version of this article here.



IMPORTANT INFORMATION

U.S. investors only: Click <u>here</u> to obtain a WisdomTree ETF prospectus which contains investment objectives, risks, charges, expenses, and other information; read and consider carefully before investing.

There are risks involved with investing, including possible loss of principal. Foreign investing involves currency, political and economic risk. Funds focusing on a single country, sector and/or funds that emphasize investments in smaller companies may experience greater price volatility. Investments in emerging markets, currency, fixed income and alternative investments include additional risks. Please see prospectus for discussion of risks.

Past performance is not indicative of future results. This material contains the opinions of the author, which are subject to change, and should not to be considered or interpreted as a recommendation to participate in any particular trading strategy, or deemed to be an offer or sale of any investment product and it should not be relied on as such. There is no guarantee that any strategies discussed will work under all market conditions. This material represents an assessment of the market environment at a specific time and is not intended to be a forecast of future events or a guarantee of future results. This material should not be relied upon as research or investment advice regarding any security in particular. The user of this information assumes the entire risk of any use made of the information provided herein. Neither WisdomTree nor its affiliates, nor Foreside Fund Services, LLC, or its affiliates provide tax or legal advice. Investors seeking tax or legal advice should consult their tax or legal advisor. Unless expressly stated otherwise the opinions, interpretations or findings expressed herein do not necessarily represent the views of WisdomTree or any of its affiliates.

The MSCI information may only be used for your internal use, may not be reproduced or re-disseminated in any form and may not be used as a basis for or component of any financial instruments or products or indexes. None of the MSCI information is intended to constitute investment advice or a recommendation to make (or refrain from making) any kind of investment decision and may not be relied on as such. Historical data and analysis should not be taken as an indication or guarantee of any future performance analysis, forecast or prediction. The MSCI information is provided on an "as is" basis and the user of this information assumes the entire risk of any use made of this information. MSCI, each of its affiliates and each entity involved in compiling, computing or creating any MSCI information (collectively, the "MSCI Parties") expressly disclaims all warranties. With respect to this information, in no event shall any MSCI Party have any liability for any direct, indirect, special, incidental, punitive, consequential (including loss profits) or any other damages (www.msci.com)

Jonathan Steinberg, Jeremy Schwartz, Rick Harper, Christopher Gannatti, Bradley Krom, Tripp Zimmerman, Michael Barrer, Anita Rausch, Kevin Flanagan, Brendan Loftus, Joseph Tenaglia, Jeff Weniger, Matt Wagner, Alejandro Saltiel, Ryan Krystopowicz, Jianing Wu, and Brian Manby are registered representatives of Foreside Fund Services, LLC.

WisdomTree Funds are distributed by Foreside Fund Services, LLC, in the U.S. only.

You cannot invest directly in an index.



DEFINITIONS

Dividend yield: A financial ratio that shows how much a company pays out in dividends each year relative to its share price.

MSCI Emerging Markets Index: a broad market cap-weighted Index showing performance of equities across 23 emerging market countries defined as "emerging markets" by MSCI.

S&P 500 Index: Market capitalization-weighted benchmark of 500 stocks selected by the Standard and Poor's Index Committee designed to represent the performance of the leading industries in the United States economy.

Real effective exchange rates (REERs): REERs represent the weighted average of a country's currency relative to an index or basket of other major currencies, adjusted for the effects of inflation. While investors normally quote returns in nominal terms, most analysts find REER helpful when analyzing currency impact on economic competitiveness and trade. Generally speaking, REERs tend to be more instructive of economic trends, particularly during periods with positive inflation.

Emerging market: Characterized by greater market access and less potential for operational risks when compared to frontier markets, which leads to a larger base of potentially eligible investors.

Value: Characterized by lower price levels relative to fundamentals, such as earnings or dividends. Prices are lower because investors are less certain of the performance of these fundamentals in the future. This term is also related to the Value Factor, which associates these stock characteristics with excess returns vs the market over tim.

Growth: Characterized by higher price levels relative to fundamentals, such as dividends or earnings. Price levels are higher because investors are willing to pay more due to their expectations of future improvements in these fundamentals.

